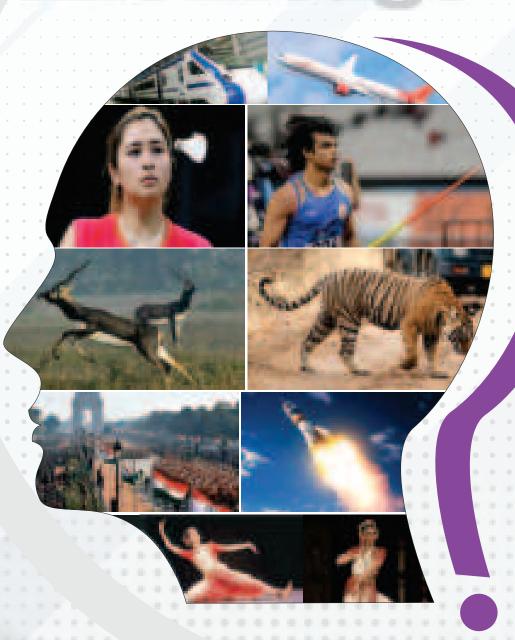
GENERAL Knowledge (5)



With the blessings of : Our Parents

GENERAL Knowledge 5



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Edited by:

Saurabh Gandhi Neelam Sarkar Ananya Pandey

- National Education Policy 2020
- Activity Based
- Innovative Approach
- Learning with fun
- Used Eco Friendly Paper



Preface

'General Knowledge' is a comprehensive series of eight books designed specifically for the needs and requirements of students studying in classes 1-8. The content has been created keeping in mind the National Education Policy 2020. The purpose of this series is to enhance competence, experiential, comprehensive and critical learning. This book includes enough questions in accordance with the NEP criteria. The fundamental principles of NEP which is recognising, identifying and fostering the unique capabilities of each student, respect for diversity and respect for individual aspect in all topics. While framing the book our editorial team ensured that children enjoy classroom learning to the fullest.

Key Features of the Series:

With the motto of Educate, Encourage and Enlighten this book is based on NEP criterion which promotes learning and development, and tests higher-order skills, such as analysis, critical thinking, and conceptual clarity. The book has been segregated into sections emphasising upon the comprehension of information regarding various topics, such as:

• The Living Planet: The information related to the uniqueness and importance of our planets. It also

discusses space travellers.

• Sports Arena : This portion discusses different aspects of sports such as origins,

tournaments, trophies, etc. It talks about different types of sports and sportsmen.

- Incredible India: This portion discusses the glorious past of India along with its polity, geography and legacy.
- Awareness Plus: The book discusses the topics of general awareness about safety and

responsibility here.

- Life Skills : This feature of the book inculcates life skills and values in students.
- Personality Plus: This book also strives to be a helpful associate in the proper development of the student's personality including good manners, etiquettes and proper conduct.
- Brainstorming: This section consists of activity given at the end of a section urges students to apply
 their learning skills and helps them to retain the knowledge gained in class.
- Let me Answer : Discussion-oriented questions are asked to promote the students to inspire to think
 critically and respond with well thought out answers.
- Teacher's Note: A "Teacher's Note" is a set of instructions laid out for the teachers to follow in the classroom based on the worksheet, activity/exercises. It specifies how the worksheet and activities/exercises should be carried out in class.
- Info-Bits
 Interesting facts related to the topic of the chapter are incorporated in the form of Info-Bits so as to enhance the overall learning experience of the student.

The subject of general knowledge is too broad to be covered in an eight-book series.

However, every effort has been made to make it as thorough as possible. Sincere efforts have been taken to prevent any inconsistencies and make this series a perfect complement to the students' education. Any worthwhile recommendations for how to improve the series are always welcome and greatly appreciated.

-Publisher

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Our Plants

Read some interesting facts about plants:

1. Photosynthesis: As a process driven by light energy, photosynthesis is the process in which light energy is converted to chemical energy in the form of sugar.



3. Transpiration : The plant cools down when the weather is very hot, and water from the stem and roots moves upwards. It is the process of the loss of water vapour from the plant.



2. Cacti: Cactus has a Latin root that derives from the plural cacti and has more than one thousand known species. These plants are native to most of the length of North and South America. It is generally assumed that a cactus is a member of the plant family Cactaceae.



4. Dancing Plant : The dancing plant loves beautiful melodies and is known for the movement of its leaves. The dancing plant, Codariocalyx motorius, is unique because it can dance rapidly enough to see with our bare eyes.



TEACHER'S NOTE

Ask children questions about plants and describe the different plants that we see in our environment.



5. Venus Flytrap: Venus flytraps are notoriously difficult to care for. The Venus flytrap, also known as Dionaea muscipula, is a carnivorous plant native to subtropical regions. It is found on the East Coast of the United States in North Carolina.



Let Me Answer

Have you ever noticed different types of plants available in our environment?

Recognise the following parts of the plants and tell their correct names by using help list.

- 1. Which part carries food to another part of the plant?
- 2. Which part helps plants to breathe?
- 3. Which part helps plants absorb water and nutrients?
- 4. Which part of the plant help plants to grow a new plant?
- 5. Which part of the plant contains seeds?

Help List

seed stomata (leaves) stem

Info-Bits Q

Do you know that the leaves of the Lucky Bamboo plant grow up to one inch per month?





Animals and their World

You will find animals in almost every place on the earth-from the hottest deserts to the coldest continents. Read about some animals living in different habitats and how they adapt themselves to their habitats.

1. African wild dogs: The largest population of African wild dogs remain in southern Africa and the southern part of East Africa. The African wild dog is known by many names, including Cape hunting dog or painted dog. Its scientific name is Lycaon pictus. These wild dogs are one of the world's most endangered mammals.





2. Cleaner wrasse: The Bluestreak Cleaner Wrasse, occurs singly, in pairs, and in groups. The five species of cleaner wrasses of the genus Labroides are known as carnivorous fishes. They are known cleaner wrasse.

3. Texas blind Salamanders: Texas blind salamanders are known for having a limited range of facing water pollution. Texas blind salamander is adapted for living in water underground. It has no eyes, only two small black dots under the skin. They are generally seen in deep waters.





4. Boa constrictors : One of the unique kinds of snake species. Boa constrictors are powerful snakes and stealthy hunters. They live in tropical climates throughout most of Central and South America.



Educate the learners about how hard it is to build houses.





4. Leather Turtles: Leather Turtles are found in deep water and are different in their appearance. Its carapace is covered by oily flesh and flexible, leather-like skin, for which it is named. It can easily be differentiated from other modern sea turtles by its lack of a bony shell.

5. Pangolins : Pangolins are the only mammals wholly-covered in scales and they use those scales to protect themselves from predators in the wild.



6. Eels : Eels undergo considerable development from the early larval stage. Eels are ray-finned fish belonging to the order Anguilliformes, which consists of eight suborders, 19 families, 111 genera, and about 800 species.

Have you ever wondered that tigers are

excellent swimmers and capable of

swimming up to six kilometres at a stretch?

Let Me Answer

Quiz time

- 1. What do you know about Pangolins?
- 2. Name any one aquatic animal.
- 3. Name the semi-aquatic rodent known for building dams.
- 4. Which animal goes under development to the larval stage?

Fill in the blanks.

- 1. The five species of cleaner wrasses of the genus......are known as carnivorous fishes.
- 2.adapted for living in water underground, it has no eyes, only two small black dots under the skin.
- 3. Boa constrictors live in tropical climates throughout most of Central and......
- 4.are modern sea turtles and are covered by oily flesh.

Info-Bits Q

Many subspecies of tigers have already become extinct or are endangered due to hunting and loss of forest cover due to civilisation.

General	Know	leda	e-5





Natural Resources and Plants

Find the names of medicinal plants in the given word grid and write their names in the boxes below:

N	Е	Е	M	A	С	О	С	O	A
С	D	С	I	N	С	Н	O	N	A
N	I	G	Н	Т	S	Н	A	D	Е
G	I	N	S	Е	N	G	P	T	U
X	F	О	X	G	L	О	V	Е	Y
P	О	P	P	Y	T	U	L	S	I
Е	U	С	A	L	Y	P	T	U	S
В	Е	A	R	В	Е	R	R	Y	N

- 1. Used as germicide.
- 2. Gives relief from cough in chronic bronchitis and asthama.
- 3. Medicine for malaria.
- 4. Used to restore strength and vitality.
- 5. Gives drugs used to make heart strong.
- 6. Gives pain killer called Morphine.
- 7. Used as cold and cough medicine.
- 8. Used to remove headache.

Plants are extremely useful. Some plants give us medicines.



Let Me Answer

* Which medicinal plants are beneficial for making medicines?

Info-Bits O

Digitalis a medication used to treat heart condition, is derived from the foxglove plant.

Help List

Cocoa Cinchona Poppy Tulsi

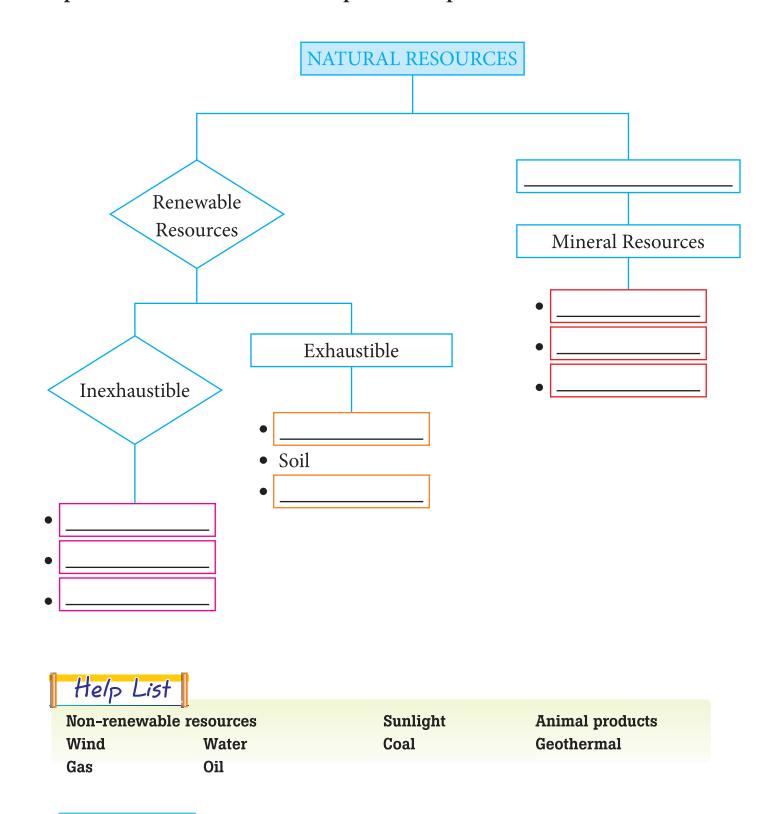
Ginseng Eucalyptus Foxglove Neem



Explain to the children the benefits of medicinal plants. Ask them questions about how they can grow medicinal plants.



Complete the flow chart with the help of the Help List:



Info-Bits Q

A gas takes 1300 times more space than a liquid.





Landforms on Earth

Mountains, hills, plateaus and plains are the four major landforms. Minor landforms include buttes, canyons, valleys and basins. Tectonic plate movement under the Earth can create landforms by pushing up mountains and hills. Read the descriptions of some of the landforms:

Glacier: A glacier is a large, perennial accumulation of crystalline ice, snow, rock, sediment and often liquid water that originates on land and moves downslope under the influence of its own weight and gravity.

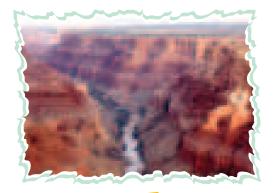




Rapids: Rapids are characterised by the river becoming shallower. Rapids are hydrological features between a run (a smoothly flowing part of a stream) and a cascade.

Geyser : Geysers are made from a tube-like hole in the Earth's surface that runs deep into the crust. A geyser is an opening in the ground that occasionally or regularly discharges water and steam.





Canyon: Greenland's Grand Canyon was discovered in 2013 and is 466 miles (750 km) long. A canyon is a deep, narrow valley with steep sides. "Canyon" comes from the Spanish word cañon, which means "tube" or "pipe."



Organise a discussion in the classroom about different landforms.





Valley: Valleys are areas of land-scoured and washed out by the conspiring forces of gravity, water, and ice.

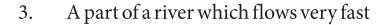
Let Me Answer

- * Have you ever noticed different landforms on earth?
- * Which is your favourite landform?

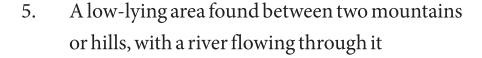
Match the following:

1. A hot spring from which a jet of boiling water and steam is sent into the air









Canyon













Info-Bits Q

Geyser

Help List

A canyon is a narrow valley with steep sides. Rivers and glaciers cut through these elevated areas.

Valley



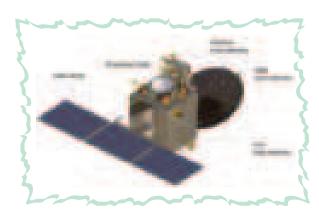


Space Mission and Scientists

Artificial satellites are man-made objects that are sent into space. Scientists use them to study the universe, forecast weather, and so on.

Let's read about them

Mars Orbiter Mission: India's first ever interplanetary mission was launched on 5 November 2013 and by 24 September 2019, completed 5 years in orbit around Mars, sent 2 terabytes of imaging data, and had enough fuel to complete another year in orbit.





Eugene Cernan: Eugene Andrew Cernan was an American astronaut, naval aviator, electrical engineer, aeronautical engineer, and fighter pilot. During the Apollo 17 mission, Cernan became the eleventh human being to walk on the Moon.

Neil Armstrong: Neil Alden Armstrong was an American astronaut, aeronautical engineer, and the first person to walk on the Moon. He described the first step on the moon as 'one giant leap of mankind.'





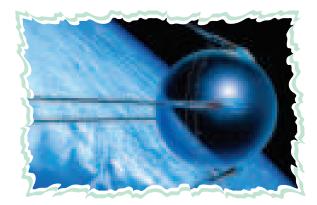
Chandrayaan and Gaganyaan: Chandrayaan-3 is India's next moon mission, following Chandrayaan-2, while Gaganyaan is India's plan to send astronauts into space. These projects demonstrate India's pursuit of space exploration, studying the moon and preparing for crewed space missions.

TEACHER'S NOTE

Encourage children's curiosity and ask them questions about space. Tell facts and share knowledge about space missions.



Sputnik: Soviet Union successfully launched Sputnik I and changed the history of space missions on October 4, 1957. The first artificial satellite to go around the earth was Sputnik 1.





Yuri Gagarin: Yuri Alekseyevich Gagarin was a Soviet pilot and cosmonaut who became the first human to journey into outer space.

Let Me Answer

What do you like the most about space scientists?

Rakesh Sharma: Wing Commander Rakesh Sharma is the only Indian citizen to travel in space, although there have been other astronauts with some Indian background they were not Indian citizens.

Quiz Time

- 1. Name the first man to travel to the moon.
- 2. Which mission made India the first country to land on the South Pole of the Moon.
- 3. Which astronaut died in her shuttle Columbia?
- 4. Name the second woman to venture into space who was born in India.

Fill in the blanks.

- 1. Neil Armstrong was an American.....and.....engineer.
- 2. Cernan became the human being to walk on the Moon.
- 3. The Soviet Union successfully launched
- 4. India's first ever interplanetary mission was launched on.....

Help List

5th Nov. 2013 Eleventh Aeronautical Kalpana Chawla Sputnik I Chandrayaan Neil Armstrong Astronaut Sirisha Bandla

Info-Bits Q

A scientist is a person who conducts scientific research to advance knowledge in an area of interest.





Metals and their Properties

Read about some metals and their properties

Marble : Marble is a metamorphic rock composed of recrystallised carbonate minerals, most commonly calcite or dolomite.

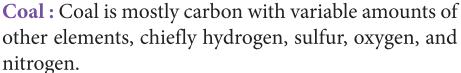


Diamond: Diamond is a solid form of the element carbon with its atoms arranged in a crystal structure called diamond cubic.

Limestone: Limestone is a common type of carbonate sedimentary rock which is the main source of the material lime.



Lava: Magma is an extremely hot liquid and semiliquid rock located under Earth's surface. When magma flows onto Earth's surface, it is called lava.





Granite: Granite is a coarse-grained intrusive igneous rock composed mostly of quartz, alkali feldspar, and plagioclase.

Choose the correct answer using the help list.

- Igneous rock used to make buildings is called
 Chalk is made up ofand is a type of
- 3. Lava is called a molten rock that comes out of
- 4.is used to make pencil leads.

Help List

Limestone Granite

Sedimentary rock

Graphite

Volcano



Identify the metals and write correct answers.

1.is used to make electrical wires.



2. Steel is made up of the most commonly found metal which is.....

3.is used to make cans to contain drinks and food.



4.used to make jewellery. It is also known as a bright yellow precious metal.

5.is used to make coins and ornaments.



Help List
Iron Gold

Tin Silver

Copper

Let Me Answer

Which metal, according to you, is the most precious?

Info-Bits Q

A miner is a person who extracts ore, coal, chalk, clay, or other minerals from the earth through mining.



Help the students understand different types of metals and rocks available in our environment.





Gadgets

The inventions of new technologies and gadgets have changed our lives. Read about some smart inventions here.



Photographic Film: Photographic film is a strip or sheet of transparent film base coated on one side with a gelatin emulsion containing microscopically small light-sensitive silver halide crystals.

E-Book: Consisting of text and images, an ebook is a kind of electronic book. It is also known as an e-book. It is generally a book published in digital format which is available for online users.





Global Positioning System: The Global Positioning System, originally Navstar GPS, is a satellite-based radio navigation system owned by the United States government and operated by the United States Space Force.

Automated Teller Machine: An ATM, which stands for automatic teller machine, allows a person to check account balances. It is a specialized computer that makes managing a bank account holder's funds convenient. Transferring funds becomes easy through ATMs.





Smart Phone: Features of a smartphone are not originally associated with telephones. It is an operating system that allows users to access web browsing and run software applications freely. The smartphone is a cellular telephone with an integrated computer and unique operating device.



Encourage children's curiosity to learn the software. Make them familiar with recent technology and software used in the school premises.



Braille: Braille is a tactile writing system used by visually impaired people, including people who are blind or who have low vision.



Quiz Time

- 1. The first telescopes were created in the in 1608.
- 2. Spectacle makers Hans Lippershey & Zacharias Janssen and independently developed telescopes.
- 3. The first computer was invented by......
- 4. developed computer science.
- 5. The was the first electronic general-purpose digital computer.
- 6. The was the world's first "personal computer."

Help List

Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz Kenbak-I Netherlands
Jacob Metius

Charles Babbage ENIAC (1945)

Let Me Answer

- * Which is your favourite gadget?
- Which software do you use?

Info-Bits Q

The first computer weighed more than 27 tons. About 90% of the world's currency only exists on computers.





Cinematography

Many people work hard to make a film. Look at the pictures given below and learn about their work.

Costume Designer: A costume designer is a person who designs costumes for a film, stage production or television shows. They take charge of how actors will look in their films.



Producer: A film producer is a person who oversees film production. A producer also arranges the shows in the theatre. A producer's work is to plan and coordinate the entire film setup. Producers generally work in production companies independently or in collaboration.

Artist Leader: The style of a leader is very important. An artist leader is someone who uses creativity, bravery, insight, and boldness to transform the status quo. Artist leadership is about innovation, using creativity to bring about change through communication and the application of knowledge.





Screenwriter: A screenwriter writes for drama, film and T.V. shows. Screen writing or script writing is the art and craft of writing scripts for mass media such as feature films, television productions or video games. A screenplay writer who is also known as a scriptwriter is a writer who practices the craft of screenwriting on themes, especially for films.



Ask children to name one film that inspires them the most. Also tell them to elaborate on their answer and tell why that film inspired them.





Stunt People : Also known as stunt performers or stunt artists, a stunt man is a person who performs dangerous acts, usually within the television or movie production industry.

Film Editor: A film editor is someone who creatively works with the layers of images, story, dialogue, music, pacing as well as the actors' performances to effectively "re-imagine" the scene and film plot. Film editors assemble footage of feature films, television shows, documentaries, and industrials into a seamless end product.





Cinematographer: A cinematographer, also known as a Director of Photography, is a person who takes charge of the entire crew. From camera and the lighting crew to creating the look, a film setup and framing of every single shot in a film. Cinematographers are responsible for the entire film production.

Quiz Time

- 1. When did National Film Awards start?
- 2. Which actor did a voice-over in the film Soul?
- 3. Which Indian song won an Oscar for Best Original Song in 2023?
- 4. Name a film inspired by the name of Captian Vikram Batra.

Fill in the blanks.

- 1. A..... also known as a Director of Photography is a person who takes charge of the entire crew.
- 2. A stunt man is a person who performs acts in
- 3. Artist leadership is to bring change through
- 4. take charge of how actors will look in their films.

Info-Bits O

The key ingredients that make a movie "good" are acting, directing, writing, cinematography, and overall production.

Let Me Answer

- * Have you ever thought of creating an inspiring film?
- If you get a chance to make an inspiring film, what will you create and why?

Help List

Cinematographer
Production industry
Creativity
Custom designers





Food in Our Life

The act of making food or drink impure by adding another substance to it is called adulteration. Adulterated food is harmful for us.

Tick (\checkmark) the common adulterant to the food material:

	Food Material	Common Ad	ulterant	
1.	Cereals	Stone pieces		
		Sugar		建设
2.	Pulses	Starch		部構造
		Metanil yellow	7	200 12426
3.	Turmeric	Metanil yellow	7	
		Lead chromate	e powder	The second
4.	Coriander	Cow dung		
		Brick powder		THE COL
5.	Black pepper	Argemone seed	ds	Carried Town
		Papaya seeds		Z
6.	Chilli powder	Brick powder		
		Urea		- M
7.	Mustard seeds (oil)	Argemone oil		
		Sand		
8.	Milk	Urea		
		Water		医療
9.	Asafoetida (Heeng)	Colours		10 P 10 7 C 1
		Sand		
10.	Ghee	Jaggery		
		Vanaspati	Info-Bits	2
Let Me A			PFA standards h	ave been developed
	hich is your favourite food hat do you like to eat daily?		to minimise adu	lteration.
	,			



Explain to the children the basic nutrients we get from healthy food. Ask them how they include a healthy diet in their daily routine.



Scientists and Biochemicals

Write the name of the scientist with the help of the help list:

- 1.is the English mathematician, who gave the Law of Gravity.
- 2.is the Indian physicist, who discovered the Raman Effect.
- 3.is the Swedish chemist, who invented dynamite.
- 4. gave the structure of insulin molecule.
- 5.is the British physicist, who gave the internal structure of an atom.
- 6.isolated elemental gases from the atmosphere.
- 7.is the British engineer, who invented the steam engine.
- 8.brothers built and flew the first successful aeroplane.
- 9. discovered X-rays.
- discovered the Polio vaccine.











Help List

Thomas Newcomen Roentgen

W. Ramsay

C.V. Raman

A. Nobel

F. Sanger

Jonas Salk

Wright

Isaac Newton John Dalton









Let Me Answer

Who is your favourite scientist and why do you like them?

Info-Bits Q

A scientist is a person who conducts scientific research to advance knowledge in an area of interest.



Ask children some questions related to science facts.



Fill in the blanks with the help of the help list:

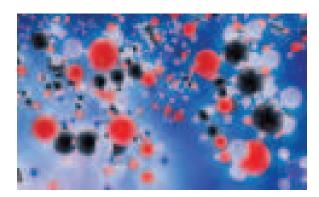
1. A living cell consists of chromosomes, the molecules of which carry

Let Me Answer

- * Have you ever wondered why atoms are important to us?
- 2. Genes are the elements which determine
- 3. The laws of heredity were formulated by
- 4. Atoms join together to form
- 5. An element contains kind of atoms.
- 6. The living liquid in the cell is called
- 8. A thing which occupies space and perceive by our senses is called
- 9. Matter is made up of small
- 10. The pure forms of matter are and







Help List

Genes Atoms Molecules Same Cells Matter
Protoplasm Elements Heredity Compounds G. J. Mendel

Info-Bits Q

Nikola Tesla (1856-1943 AD), Albert Einstein (1879-1955 AD), and Sir Isaac Newton (1643-1727 AD) are a few legendary scientists.



Motivate children to talk about science and biochemistry with their classmates.





Scientific Instruments and Terms

Instruments used by scientists for different purposes are called scientific instruments. They help us in our day-to-day life.

Write the names of scientific instruments with the help of the help list:

Instruments

Uses

1..... examines internal parts of the body.

2. records electric waves of the brain.

3..... compares intensity of colours.

4. traces movements of the heart.

5. analyses the sounds of heart and lungs.

6. records changes in physiological processes, used as lie detector.

7. uses ultrasound to make ecograms.

8..... measures relative density of milk.

9. measures the blood pressure.

10. measures the height of an object above a fixed level.









Help List

Ultrasonoscope, Lactometer, Endoscope, EEG Altimeter, Colorimeter, Cardiogram Stethoscope, Sphygmomanometer, Polygraph

Info-Bits Q

J. Fergason invented the first improved liquid crystal display (LCD).

Let Me Answer

Have you ever used any

scientific instrument?



Engage the students on a discussion about scientific terms.



Fill in the blanks with the help of the help list:

- 1. The study of fossils is called
- 2. The study of fruits is called
- 3. The study of teeth and gums is called
- 4. The study of human beauty is called
- 5. The study of environment is called
- 6. The study of heredity is called
- 7. The science taking care of health is called
- 9. The science dealing with the effect of radiation on living beings is called
- 10. The science or study of classification and nomenclature is called



Let Me Answer

Which scientific term do you use commonly?



Help List

Kalology Veterinary science Taxonomy Ecology Paleontology Odontology Genetics Pomology Radiology Medicine

Info-Bits Q

Scientific terminology is the part of the language that is used by scientists in the context of their professional activities.





A.I. (Artificial Intelligence)

Give the full form of the following abbreviations with the help of the help list:

1.	CDMA	\rightarrow	
2.	DOS	\rightarrow	
3.	MPU	\rightarrow	
4.	VDU	\rightarrow	
5.	WWW	\rightarrow	
	HTTP	\rightarrow	
7.	BIOS	\rightarrow	
	CAD	\rightarrow	
	FLOPS	\rightarrow	
	UPS	\rightarrow	



Help List

Hyper Text Transfer Protocol, Computer Aided Design, World Wide Web, Uninterruptible Power Supply, Code Division Multiple Access, Micro Processor Unit, Visual Display Unit, Floating-Point Operations Per Second, Disk Operating System, Basic Input Output System

Let Me Answer

- * What do you understand by Artificial Intelligence?
- Which is your favourite A.Í. robot?



LLL stands for Low Level Language.



Make children familiar with artificial intelligence and its usage.



Different Faces

Look at the pictures below and identify the different faces and expressions:



An angry face

You can create an angry face by uplifted V-shaped eyebrows.



Calm Expression

straight eyebrows for calm expression.



Sad face

To draw a sad face, draw an A-shaped eyebrow.



Suspicious

To express suspicion, draw A raised eyebrow and a crooked mouth.



Surprise Sad face

Draw O- shaped mouth and eye eyebrows for a surprised face.



Scared face

For a scared expression, draw Ashaped eyebrows.



Happy Face

For a happy face, draw a mouth curved and a simple face.

Now try your own combination of different positions of the eyebrows and the mouth on a smiley, to create many different expressions.

Here are some other tricks you can try to get the right expressions:

- Parts of the face drawn at the bottom of the face make a clever face. 1.
- A pear-shaped face looks sad. 2.
- Eyes set far apart express confidence. 3.
- Eyes set close together express shyness. 4.
- A star-shaped face can express excessive energy. 5.

Let Me Answer

- Have you ever wondered why a human face expresses uniquely?
- Which human expression do you like the most?

Info-Bits Q

Our face can make more than 10,000 expressions, many of which trace back to our primitive roots.

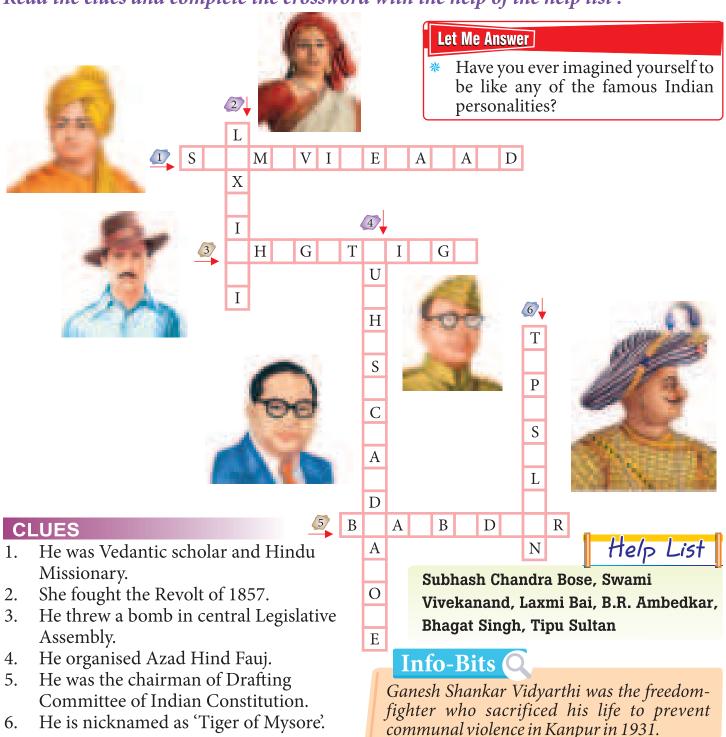


Assist students to understand and recognise different human emotions.



Indian Personalities

Read the clues and complete the crossword with the help of the help list:



TEACHER'S NOTE

Engage children in a classroom discussion where they imagine one Indian personality they like the most and explain five qualities that inspired them.





Indian Constitution

Complete the Preamble to the constitution of India with the help of help list:

WE,, h	naving solemnly resolved to constitute India
into a	
and to secure to all its	citizens:
, social, economic and	political:
of thought, expression	, belief, faith and worship;
of status and of oppor	tunity;
and to promote among them all	
assuring the dignity of	the individual and the unity and integrity
of the Nation;	
IN OUR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBL	Y this twenty-sixth day of November, 1949,
do	
HEREBY,	AND GIVE TO OURSELVES THIS
CONSTITUTION.	

Help List

ADOPT, FRATERNITY, ENACT, EQUALITY, LIBERTY, SOVEREIGN, SOCIALIST SECULAR, DEMOCRATIC, REPUBLIC, JUSTICE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA

Let Me Answer

* Have you ever wondered why Indian Constitution was formed?

Info-Bits Q

Indian constitution was handwritten and calligraphed in both English and Hindi.



Ask children questions about Indian Constitution formation and teach them why a constitution is important for any country.



Complete the following table with the help of the Help List:

FOUNDER **PARTY SYMBOL** BJP BSP Congress Aam Aadmi Party CPI (M) Nationalist Congress RJD

Help List

A.O. Hume, S.P. Mukherjee, M.N. Roy, Arvind Kejriwal, Kanshi Ram, Sharad Pawar, Lalu Prasad

Let Me Answer

* Why is it important to vote for a party during elections?

Info-Bits Q

It was raining cats and dogs outside the Parliament on the day constitution was signed, and this was considered to be a good sign by the assembly members.

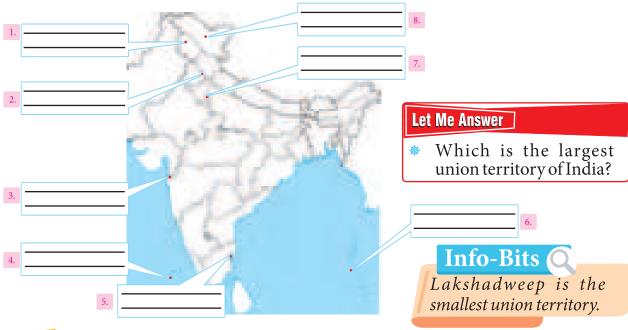




Union Territories of India

Using the table fill in the boxes with the union territories and capitals:

Union territory	Capital	Area	Date of formation	Principal language
Andman and Nicobar Islands	Port Blair	8,250 sq km.	1 Nov. 1956	Bengali, Hindi, Nicobarese, Tamil, Telugu & Malayalam
Chandigarh	Chandigarh	114 sq km.	1 Nov. 1966	Hindi, Punjabi & English
Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	Daman	603 sq km.	26 Jan. 2020	Gujarati & Hindi
Jammu & Kashmir	Srinagar, Jammu	42,241 sq km.	31 Oct. 2019	Kashmiri, Urdu
Lakshadweep	Kavaratti	32.62 sq km.	1 Nov. 1956	Malayalam
Puducherry	Puducherry	483 sq km.	1 Nov. 1954	Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam
National Capital	New Delhi	1,484 sq km.	1956	Hindi, English
Ladakh	Leh	59,146 sq km.	31 Oct.2019	Ladakhi, Tibetan, Urdu





Discuss different territories and their regions in India. Explain Lakshadweep and Puducherry territory using Indian Map.



Social Work In India

Read the clues below, and name the organisations, projects, or people associate with them. Pick the answers from the help list given on the next page.







- was a social movement started in 1973 by an NGO led by Kerala Sasthra Sahithya Parishad (KSSP) to save the Silent Valley. The movement was against a hydroelectric project. It is located in the subtropical forest in the Palakkad district of Kerala, India.
- 2. Greta Tintin Eleonora Ernman Thunberg is a Swedish environmental activist and was born on January 2003. She is known for challenging world leaders to take immediate action for climate change mitigation. Thunberg's activism began when she persuaded her parents to adopt lifestyle choices that reduced their carbon footprint. Her emission was known as ______
- 3. The ______ for Nature Inc. is an international non-governmental organization founded in 1961 that works in wilderness preservation and reducing human impact on the environment.

Info-Bits Q

Amrita Devi of the Bishnoi community, and her daughters sacrificed their lives to protest against the felling of trees in 1730. Their sacrifice inspired the Chipko movement in 1973.



Introduce the chapter with an example of social workers who contributed their life to social improvement.









- 4. _____ also known as Saint Teresa of Calcutta, was an Albanian-Indian Roman Catholic nun who in 1950 founded and was an active member of the Missionaries of Charity.
- 5. _____ is an Indian social activist and former Politician. She had worked on various crucial political and economic issues raised by tribals, dalits, farmers, labourers and women facing injustice in India.
- was a Kenyan social, environmental and political activist and the first African woman to win the Nobel Peace Prize. She went on to become the first woman in East and Central Africa to become a Doctor of Philosophy, receiving her PhD from the University of Nairobi in Kenya.

Help List

Save Silent Valley Medha Patkar Friday for Future World Wildlife Fund Wangari Maathai Mother Teresa

Let Me Answer

Which social cause would you like to support and why?

Choose the right option and fill in the Blanks.

Sardar Sarovar Dam, Greta Thunberg, Jane Godall, Ecosystem

- 1. The international organisation works towards protecting theand habitats on earth.
- 2.is located on the Narmada River in Gujarat.
- 3.dedicated her life on researching chimpanzees.
- 4. is one of the famous Swedish environmental activists.



Important Personalities

Write the names of the eminent persons with the help of the help list:

FATHER OF THE NATION



IRON MAN OF INDIA



MAN OF PEACE



BANGABANDHU



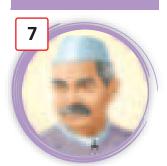
LOK NAYAK



RAJARSHI



AJATSHATRU



MISSILE MAN
OF INDIA



Let Me Answer

- Have you ever wondered why some personalities of India fought for India?
- Do you also feel inspired to do something for India?

Help List

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, P.D. Tandon, Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam, Jayaprakash Narayan, Mahatma Gandhi, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, Lal Bahadur Shastri, Vallabhbhai Patel

Info-Bits (

Lal Bahadur Shastri was the first person honoured with Bharat Ratna posthumously.



Encourage children to talk about any three famous personalities and tell about their contributions.



Union of India and National Days

Fill in the blanks with the help of the help list:

1.	•••••	is the highest l	law-making	body in India	•
----	-------	------------------	------------	---------------	---

- 2.is the highest law-making body in state.

- 6. The head of the Union Cabinet is
- 8. The highest court in India is
- 9. The highest court in a State is
- 10. The head of the Supreme Court is





Help List

Chief justice of India, Supreme court,
High court, Chief Minister
Prime Minister, President, Governor,
Parliament, State Legislature, Panchayat

Let Me Answer

What would you do to improve India's administration?

Info-Bits Q

Election Commission is a legal body responsible for the General Elections.



Discuss the functioning of the Union of India and different flag symbols.



Here are some national days of the countries.

15 Assesset		In donon don so Day	(India)
15 August	_	Independence Day	(India)
4 February	_	Independence Day	(Sri Lanka)
14 July	_	National Day	(France)
1 July	-	Canada Day	(Canada)
26 January	-	Australia Day	(Australia)
1 January	_	Liberation Day	(Cuba)
25 March	-	Independence Day	(Greece)
17 May	_	Constitution Day	(Norway)
27 April	_	Freedom Day	(South Africa)
25 May	_	Revolution Day	(Argentina)
28 May	_	Derg Downfall Day	(Ethiopia)
2 June	_	Republic Day	(Italy)
6 June	_	Flag Day	(Sweden)
10 June	-	Portugal Day	(Portugal)
12 June	-	Russia Day	(Russia)
4 July	_	Independence Day	(USA)
18 December	_	National Day	(Qatar)
2 December	_	National Day	(UA Emirates)
1 December	-	Great Union Day	(Romania)
11 November	_	National Day	(Poland)
19 September	_	Constitution Day	(Nepal)
26 October	_	National Day	(Austria)
26 January	-	Republic Day	(India)
31 August	_	Independence Day	(Malaysia)
27 April	_	King's Day	(Netherlands)

Info-Bits Q

22nd April is called the Earth Day.





Land and River Valley



	NAME	LOCATION	
1.			The legendary valley of milk and honey. Dalhousie just 5 km away.
2.			India's premier skiing centre, 56 km from Srinagar.
3.			Hindu pilgrimage centre, 11 km from Ajmer.
4.			Named after the famous hunter India's first wildlife park.
5.			City of palaces and gardens, famous for its silk and sandalwood.

Help List

Gulmarg, Jammu and Kashmir, Pushkar, Rajasthan, Chamba, Himachal Pradesh, Jim Corbett, Uttarakhand, Mysore, Karnataka

Let Me Answer

- * Have you ever been to a National Park?
- * How was your experience?

Info-Bits Q

Dalhousie town is founded by Lord Dalhousie.



Talk about different land and valleys and their respective wild inhabitants with the help of the given exercise.



Name the rivers related to the given projects with the help of the help list:



Nagarjuna Sagar Project (Andhra Pradesh and Telangana)



Kakrapar Project (Gujarat)



Tawa Project (Madhya Pradesh)



Sardar Sarovar Dam (Gujarat)



Narmada

Tawa

Tapi

Krishna

Let Me Answer

- * Have you ever visited any river valley?
- * How can we keep our rivers clean?

Info-Bits Q

India is trying to join all its rivers for irrigation and power projects.



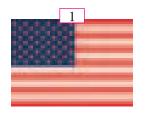
Ask children questions related to eco-friendly ways to clean our rivers and encourage their independent thinking to solve such issues.



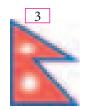


Different Flags of Different Countries

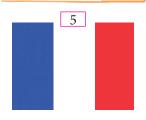
Name the countries to which the following flags belong with the help of the help list:



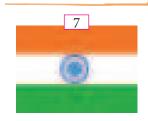




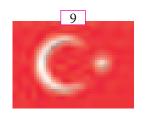


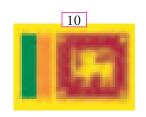


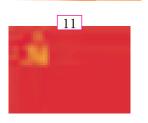














Let Me Answer

- * What is the colour of your country's flag?
- What is the significance of those colours?

Help List

Pakistan, Canada, Soviet Union, India, France, Turkey, Germany, Sri Lanka, South Africa, USA, Nepal, Saudi Arabia

Info-Bits

North America is the third largest continent.



Ask the children relatable questions in a classroom discussion that helps them to learn flag names and improve their memory.



Music Instruments

Name the musical instruments played by the famous personalities with the help of

the help list:

1	 Pt. Ravi Shankar
2	 Zakir Hussain
3	 Hari Prasad Chaurasia
4.	 Ustad Amjad Ali Khan
5	 Daya Shankar
6	 Vishnu Gobind Jog
7	 S. Balachander
8	 Pt. Shiv Kumar Sharma
9	 Zubin Mehta
10	 Anayampatti S. Ganesan
11	 Gopal Das
12	 Pandit Randhir Roy



Pakhawaj, Esraj, Sitar, Tabla, Flute, Sarod, Shehnai, Violin, Veena, Santoor, Symphony, Jal Tarang

Info-Bits Q

Ektara is a single stringed musical instrument used in kirtans and by sadhus.

Let Me Answer

What is your favourite musical instrument?



Engage children in a classroom discussion where they imagine about their favourite musical instrument and the instrumentalist.





All About India

The President of India is the Head of the State. He is the first citizen of India and the Supreme Commander of the Indian Armed Forces.

Identify them and write their names with the help of the help list.



Help List

R. Venkataraman, Pratibha Patil, Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam, K.R. Narayanan, Giani Zail Singh, Dr. Zakir Hussain, V.V. Giri, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Ram Nath Kovind, Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma, Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed, Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy, Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan, Pranab Mukherjee, Droupadi Murmu

Info-Bits Q

Rajendra Prasad was an Indian politician, lawyer, and journalist and was the first president of the Republic of India.

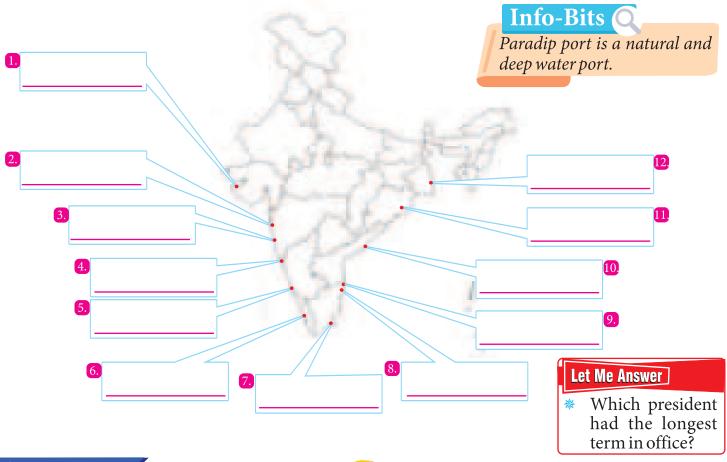
Teacher's NOTE

Tell students identify the various roles played by the President in the Indian political system and discuss the ceremonial duties and executive powers vested in the President.



Using the table fill in the boxes with the name of Ports of India.

	Name	State	Cargo F	Handled	Containe	er Traffic
	Ivaliic	State	million tonnes	% increase	000 TEUs	% increase
1.	Deendayal Port Trust	Gujarat	110.10	4.42%	117	95.73%
2.	Paradip Port Trust	Odisha	102.01	14.68%	7	71.43%
3.	Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust	Maharashtra	66.00	6.20%	4,833	6.89%
4.	Visakhapatnam Port Trust	Andhra Pradesh	63.54	4.12%	389	5.66%
5.6.	Mumbai Port Trust Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust	Maharashtra West Bengal	62.83	-0.35%	42	-2.38%
7.	Chennai Port Trust	Tamil Nadu	57.89	13.61%	796	3.02%
8.	New Mangaluru Port	Karnataka	51.88	3.32%	1,549	3.49%
	Trust		42.06	5.28%	115	17.39%
9.	V. O. Chidambaranar Port Trust	Tamil Nadu				
10.	Kamarajar Port Limited	Tamil Nadu	36.58	-4.91%	698	8.02%
11.	Kochi Port Trust	Kerala	30.45	1.42%	3	100.00%
12.	Mormugao Port Trust	Goa	32.02	16.52%	620	11.69%
	0		26.90	-18.94%	32	6.25%







Yoga and Good Health

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is an infectious disease caused by a newly discovered coronavirus. To prevent infection and to slow transmission of COVID-19, do the following:

Coronavirus Prevention



Wash hands with soap/ sanitizer



Cover your nose and mouth when sneezing



Put tissues in the trash bin



Keep social distance



Wear Mask



Touch your Face

Symptom[®]



Fever





Cough



Info-Bits

The virus that causes COVID-19 is in a family of viruses called Coronaviridae. Antibiotics do not work against viruses.

Avoid



Avoid contact with anyone displaying symptoms or those in quarantine.



Avoid crowded places and keep standard 6 feet of social distance.



Yoga deals with physical, mental and spiritual well-being of human beings. It is the best way to maintain health.

Look at the following asanas and write their names:

1



This asana keeps the brain, glands of the brain and glands of the head strong. It brings smoothness to the face.

2



This asana cures digestive disorders. It also makes the abdominal muscles strong.

3



This asana improves the spinal cord. It also improves digestion and arm muscles.

4



This asana destroys poisons in the body. It also keeps the body fit and makes you slim.

This asana helps in building the muscles of abdomen and thighs strong. 6



This asana cures the respiratory diseases such as pneumonia and asthma.

Help List

Salabhasana Trikonasana Matsyasana Mayurasana Dhanurasana

Shirshasana

Let Me Answer

- * What do you do for good health?
- * How can we fight against diseases?

Info-Bits Q

Asana should not be practised in strong winds. Asana should be done with empty stomach.



Tell children about measures that we should take to prevent airborne diseases.





The World Of Dance

A.	There are many kinds of dances around the world.
	Name the following dances with the help
	of the help list:

Le			100		
- 0		11.0	711	1411	
		'/ I			-
	υц	11.			

- Which is your favourite form of dance?
- 1. A ballroom dance which developed in 18th century.
- 2. A popular dance of China at new year celebrations.
- 3. A classical dance of Japan created by Okuni.
- 4. The traditional mask dance of Thailand.
- B. The names of some Indian classical dances are given in two mazes. The first maze contains the first half and second maze contains the rest. Join the two and write them with the help of the help List:

В	Н	A	R	A	T
M	O	Н	I	N	Ι
K	A	T	Н	A	A
K	U	С	Н	I	A



K	A	L	I	Ţ	2
P	U	D	Ι		J
A	T	T	A	M	
N	A	T	Y	A	M

- 1.
- + _____
- ____

- 2.
- + _____
- = _____

- 3. _____
- + _____
- = _____

- 4.
- + _____

Help List

- A. Khon, Kabuki, Waltz, Lion Dance
- B. Kuchipudi, Bharatnatyam, Kathakali Mohiniattam

Info-Bits (

Lion dance is not the traditional dance of China, but a new year evening dance.



Introduce the chapter by asking questions related to popular dancers and share different styles of dance forms.



India has a number of classical and semi-classical dancers. Dance is an art-form. Some people perform this form of art and become noted artists.

Unscramble the words to get names of art-forms to which these artists belong:

	DANCE		ARTIST	STATE
1.	MANATYTARABH	a. b.	Rukmini Devi Balasaraswati	Tamil Nadu
2.	ILAKAHTKA	a. b.	Ragini Devi Shanta Rao	Kerala
3.	KTHAKA	a. b.	Birju Maharaj Gopi Krishna	Uttar Pradesh
4.	IRUPIMAN	a. b.	Charu Mathur Singhajit Singh	Manipur
5.	ATTAMMHOINI	a. b.	Bharati Shivaji Kanak Rele	Kerala
6.	ISISDO	a. b.	Sonal Mansingh Sanjukta Panigrahi	Odisha
7.	KPUDICHIU	a. b.	Yamini krishnamurthi Raja and Radha Reddy	Andhra Pradesh

Info-Bits Q

Khuallam is a group dance performed in colourful dresses to the tune of gongs and drums in Mizoram state.

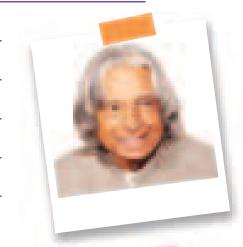




Modern Author and Books

Name the authors with the help of the help list:

- 1. Romancing with Life ______
- 2. Saurabh Ganguli: The Maharaja of Cricket _____
- 3. Mohan Das: A True Story of A Man
- 4. Let's Kill Gandhi
- 5. A Call to Honour
- 6. Guiding Souls
- 7. The Longest Race
- 8. God of Small Things











Help List

Dev Anand, Arundhati Roy, Tom Alter, Dr. Abdul Kalam, Jaswant Singh, Tushar Gandhi, Raj Mohan Gandhi, Debasish Dutta

Let Me Answer

- * Who is your favourite author?
- * What kind of writing do you like most?

Info-Bits Q

J.K. Rowling wrote the bestseller Harry Potter.



Ask children questions related to books and authors and what inspires them the most through their writing.



Name the authors of the following books with the help of the Help List:

1. Mahabharata _____

2. Buddha Charitam _____

3. Kadambari _____

4. Sur Sagar _____

5. Bijak _____

6. Kitab-ul-Hind

7. Panchatantra _____

8. Arthashastra

9. Geet Govind _____

10. Gora _____

11. Politics _____

12. Republic _____



Help List

Surdas, Kabirdas, Al-Beruni, Ved Vyas, Ashwaghosh, Banabhatta Pt. Vishnu Sharma, Chanakya, Jayadev, Aristotle, Plato, Rabindranath Tagore





Indian Women

Complete the statements with the help of the Help List:

..... was the first woman President of Indian National Congress. 1. was the first woman Ambassador of India in another country. 2. is the first woman President of National Stock Exchange. 3. is the first Indian woman to climb Mount Everest. 4. 5. is the first Indian woman to scale Everest twice. is the first Indian woman to be appointed as Civillian Police 6. Advisor at UN. is the first woman who became Three-star General Officer of 7. Indian Armed Forces. is the first woman to swim across seven important seas. 8.



..... is the first woman judge of the Supreme Court of India.

Help List

9.

Bula Chowdhury, Santosh Yadav, M. Fathima Beevi, Sarojini Naidu, Chitra Ramkrishna, Kiran Bedi, Bachendri Pal, C.B. Muthamma, Punita Arora

Info-Bits Q

International Inspirational Women Awards 2023 is an initiative by GISR Foundation that recognizes the potential of women change makers.

Let Me Answer

- Who is the most inspiring woman in your life?
- * Why do you admire her?



Ask children about national activists who were women and fought cultural and religious obligations.





Popular International Women

Name the following personalities with the help of the Help List:

- 1. The first woman space tourist.
- 2. The first woman President of a country.
- 3. The first woman to reach Antarctica.
- 4. The first woman to reach North Pole.
- 5. The first woman to climb Mount Everest.
- 6. The first woman cosmonaut in space.
- 7. The first woman Prime Minister of a country.
- 8. The first woman Prime Minister of a Muslim country.



Help List

Sirimavo Bandaranaike, Valentina Tereshkova, Junko Tabei, Ann Bancroft, C. Mikkelsen, Anousheh Ansari, Marma Estela 'Isabel', Benazir Bhutto

Let Me Answer

- * Have you ever heard about Benazir Bhutto?
- * Who was she? Explain in your words.





Discuss with the children about heads of democratic governments in different countries.



All About Sports

Name the sports for which the given terms are associated with the help of the Help List











Let Me Answer

What, according to you is necessary to keep you mentally and physically healthy?



- 1. Net fault and volley pass
- 2. Loop and flick
- 3. Top spin and drop shot
- 4. Fast break and dribbling
- 5. Headlock and belly down
- 6. Knock-in and mallet
- 7. Offside and penalty
- 8. Bishop and checkmate
- 9. Target and bulls eye

Help List

Volleyball, Basketball, Football, Lawn Tennis, Polo, Hockey, Wrestling, Shooting, Chess

Info-Bits Q

The United States is the Country with the most Olympic medals in the history of the Olympic Games.



Discuss in the classroom various sports, such as Cricket World Cup on multiple occasions.



Nan	ne the sport to whi	ch these persons belong with the help of the	Help List:
1.	Ravindra Jadeja		
2.	Abhinav Bindra		della
3.	Sushil Kumar		
4.	Vijender Singh		
5.	K. Malleswari		
6.	Andre Russel		
7.	M.S. Dhoni		
8.	Venus Williams		
9.	Leander Peas		
10.	Syed Modi		
11.	Messi		
12.	Dhyanchand		
13.	Ronaldo		
14.	K.D. Singh Babu		
15.	Maria Sharapova		
	elp List hooting, Cricket, Hocl	key, Boxing, Wrestling, Lawn	

Tennis, Football, Badminton, Weightlifting, Wrestling





Game: Football

. The first Football club of
The apex
FA headquarters is in
World Cup is played after
·
t Me Answer Who is the famous football player that has more than 5 million fans? Family of team sports that arying degrees, kicking a goal.



Ask children questions related to the chapter.





Game: Cricket

Complete the following table related to World Cup Cricket with the help of the Help List:

	YEAR	VENUE	WINNER
1.	1975	England _	
2.	1979	England _	
3.	1983	England _	
4.	1987	India/Pakistan _	
5.	1992	Australia/New Zealand _	
6.	1996	India/Pakistan/Sri Lanka _	
7.	1999	England _	
8.	2003	South Africa	
9.	2007	West Indies _	
10.	2011	India/Sri Lanka/Bangladesh _	
11.	2015	Australia/New Zealand	
12.	2019	England _	
13.	2023	India	

Help List

India, England, India, Australia, Australia, Australia, West Indies, West Indies, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Australia, Australia

Let Me Answer

- Have you ever wished to become a cricketer?
- * Who is your favourite cricket player and why?

Info-Bits (

Cricket is a sport which is played between two teams of eleven players each. One team, which is batting, tries to score runs, while the other team is fielding and tries to prevent this.



Make two groups in the classroom. One will talk about batting, and the other team will talk about bowling. Let children discuss cricket and how to play it.





Sports World







Name the sports to which the stadium and trophy belong with the help of the help list:

1. Shivaji Stadium and Begum Rasul Trophy	
2. Eden Gardens and Gavaskar-Border Trophy	
3. Ambedkar Stadium and DCM Trophy	
4. Oval Stadium and World Cup	
5. Wimbledon and Wimbledon Cup	
6. Hurlington and International Polo Cup	
7. Lumpinee and Val Barker, Trophy	
8. Flemington racecourse and Grand National Cup	

Help List

Hockey, Cricket, Boxing, Cricket, Polo, Lawn Tennis, Horse-racing, Football

Let Me Answer

How do you like to play? with a team or individual games?

Info-Bits C

There are so many sports available in the world nowadays. We can categorize three main types of team sports: individual, dual, and team sports.



- Encourage children to be more active in sports games. Ask them which sports activity they wish to organise and be a part of.



Top Sports Games

Complete the following with the help of the help list:

HOCKEY

- 1. Length x Width of the field -
- 2. Weight of the ball -



Let Me Answer

What are the most common sports you like to play?



CRICKET

- 1. Length of the pitch -
- 2. Weight of the ball -

FOOTBALL

- 1. Length x Width -
- 2. Weight of the ball -



VOLLEYBALL

- 1. Length of the court -
- 2. Weight of the ball -

Info-Bits Q

Athletics refers to sports events that test the athlete's endurance, strength, and speed.

Help List

22 yards, 90 m x 45m, 91.4 m x 55 m, 18 m, 156 g to 163 g, 156 g to 163 g, 260 g to 280 g,410 g to 450 g



Check out this comprehensive guide about the many different types of sports, including individual and team sports played worldwide, and explain it to children.



Game Facts

Read and learn these game facts:

Table tennis was originally known as Ping-pong. Its ball weighs less than 14 gm.





The Olympic motto is Cltius, Altius, Fortius which means Faster, Higher, Stronger.



Lance Armstrong is the only cyclist to have won 7 Tour de France titles from 1999 to 2005. After the

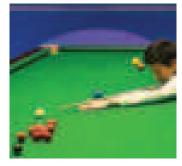
first two wins, he was diagnosed with cancer, for which he had to go through surgery and had a less than 50% chance of survival. However, he did overcome cancer and went on to win 5 more titles.

The grand slam consists of four tournaments in the tennis world. These are: Australian Open, US Open, French Open and Wimbledon.





Pachisi is an ancient game still played in India. The boards are usually made of embroidered cloth. There are 4 counters for each player. Cowrie shells are used as dice. Ludo is quite like Pachisi.



In the game of snooker, there are 22 cue balls – 15 of those are red, 6 are of the other colours and 1 is white.

American gymnast George Eyser won the rope climbing, parallel bar, and long horse gymnastic events at the 1904 Olympics, despite having a wooden leg.



Info-Bits

Electronic game involves interaction with a user interface or input devices – such as a joystick, controller, keyboard, or motion sensing device – to generate visual feedback.

Let Me Answer

- Do you play outdoor games or indoor games?
- * Which is your favourite electronic game?



Help students to talk about different sports fact.





Popular International Games

Read and learn about these popular International games:

Kho-kho: Kho kho is a traditional Indian sport that dates back to ancient India. It is the second-most popular traditional tag game in the Indian subcontinent after kabaddi. Kho kho is played on a rectangular court with a central lane connecting two poles which are at either end of the court.





Polo: Polo is a horseback ball game, a traditional field sport and one of the world's oldest known team sports. The objective of scoring is using a long-handled wooden mallet to hit a small hard ball through the opposing team's goal.

Muay Thai: Muay Thai boxing is a combat sport that uses stand-up striking and various clinching techniques.





Sumo: Sumo is a form of competitive full-contact wrestling where a rikishi attempts to force his opponent out of a circular ring or into touching the ground with any body part other than the soles of his feet.

Taekwondo: Taekwondo, Tae Kwon Do or Taekwon-Do, is a Korean form of martial arts characterized by punching and kicking techniques, with emphasis on head-height kicks, spinning jump kicks, and fast kicking techniques.





Engage children in general activity and ask them questions about how to be healthy and physically fit through activities and games.





Croquet : Croquet is a sport that involves hitting wooden or plastic balls with a mallet through hoops embedded in a grass playing court. Two, four or six players can play croquet. The object of the game is to hit your ball(s).

Chaturanga: Chaturanga is an ancient Indian strategy game. While there is some uncertainty, the prevailing view among chess historians is that it is the common ancestor of the board games chess, xiangqi, janggi, shogi, sittuyin, makruk, and modern Indian chess.



Info-Bits C

2013 research shows that games can increase learning outcomes by two grade levels. A study on motivation shows that outcomes are improved by two standard deviations when kids play together.

Let Me Answer

- Have you ever tried learning Taekwondo?
- Which is your favourite sport?

Quiz Time

- 1. Which game focuses on head-height kicks?
- 2. Sumo is a form of what kind of competitive wrestling?
- 3. Which is a horseback ball game?
- 4. Which is the second most popular tag game in India?

Fill in the blanks.

- 1. Fighting sport in which fighters use their fists, elbows, feet and knees to strike each other is called......
- 2.is a game where you hit wooden or plastic balls with a wooden hammer through a set of rings that are fixed to the ground.
- 3. A board game that was played in ancient India is known as.....
- 4. A Sumo wrestler is called



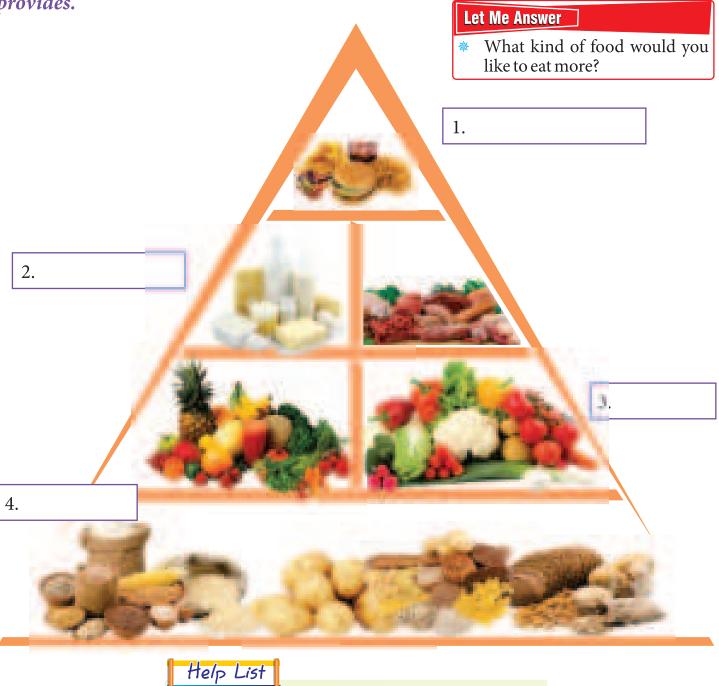
Muay Thai Chaturanga Croquet Rikishi





Food Pyramid Activity

In the boxes provided, write down the names of the nutrients each food group provides.



proteins carbohydrates fats

vitamnins

Inform students about the importance of different nutrients that are found in food. Ask students about the different nutritious values of food.





Health Facts

Read and follow these health facts:





Jogging/running is the best exercise; this helps you to grow well and stay healthy.



Green vegetables are good for health; they provide vitamins needed to stay healthy.



2





Protein-rich foods such as egg, meat, fish, soyabean are important; these help in building a healthy body.





Drink plenty of clean water everyday.

Water helps in digestion
and is good for the skin.









Apply petroleum jelly or cream during winter; this prevents chaffing of the skin.





Use talcum powder during summer; this prevents itching caused due to sweat.





Info-Bits

There are five main aspects of personal health: physical, emotional, social, spiritual, and intellectual.

Let Me Answer

What are the best ways to keep your mind and emotions balanced?



Tell children more about physical and emotional good health and also teach them a few ways to make changes in their daily routine.



Matching Pairs

Objective

A good way to figure out the relationship in a given question is to make up a sentence to find out which of the answer choices completes the same relationship with the third word.

Example 1

Odometer is to mileage as compass is to

A. speed

B. hiking

C. needle

D. direction

Answer: (D)

Explanation:

An odometer is an instrument used to measure mileage. A compass is an instrument used to determine direction. Choices a, b and c are incorrect because none is an instrument.

Example 2

Marathon is to race as hibernation is to

A. winter

B. bear

C. dream

Let Me Answer

D. sleep

Where does the bear live? What is your biggest dream?

Answer: (D)

Explanation:

A marathon is a long race and hibernation is a lengthy period of sleep. The answer is not choice a or b because even though a bear and winter are related to hibernation, neither completes the analogy. (Choice c) is incorrect because sleep and dream are not synonymous.



Assist students to complete the given exercise. Also, motivate them to understand the relation between different objects.



Time To Do

1.	Window is to par	Window is to pane as book is to											
	A. novel	В.	glass	C.	cover	D.	page						
2.	Cup is to coffee a	as bow	rl is to										
	A. dish	В.	soup	C.	spoon	D.	food						
3.	Yard is to inch as	quart	is to										
	A. gallon	В.	ounce	C.	milk	D.	liquid						
4.	Elated is to despe	onden	t as enlightene	d is to)								
	A. aware	В.	ignorant	C.	miserable	D.	tolerant						
5.	Optimist is to ch	eerful	as pessimist is	to									
	A. gloomy	В.	mean	C.	petty	D.	helpful						
6.	Reptile is to lizar	d as fl	ower is to										
	A. petal	В.	stem	C.	daisy	D.	alligator						
7.	Play is to actor as	s conc	ert is to										
	A. symphony	В.	musician	C.	piano	D.	percussion						
8.	Sponge is to porc	ous as	rubber is to										
	A. massive	В.	solid	C.	elastic	D.	inflexible						
9.	Pride is to lion as	s shoa	l is to										
	A. teacher	В.	student	C.	self-respect	D.	fish						
10.	Artist is to paint	ing as	senator is to										
	A. attorney	В.	law	C.	politician	D.	constituents						



Series

Objective

In each series, look for the degree and direction of change between the numbers. In other words, check if the numbers increase or decrease, and by how much.

Example 1

Look at this series: 2, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, ... What number should come next?

A.
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 B. $\frac{1}{8}$ C. $\frac{2}{8}$ D. $\frac{1}{16}$

B.
$$\frac{1}{8}$$

C.
$$\frac{2}{8}$$

D.
$$\frac{1}{16}$$

Answer: (B)

Explanation:

This is a simple division series; each number is one-half of the previous number.

In other words, the number is divided by 2 successively to get the next result.

Example 2

Look at this series: 7, 10, 8, 11, 9, 12, ... What number should come next?

7 A.

10

12

D. 13

Answer: (B)

Explanation:

This is a simple alternating addition and subtraction series. In the first pattern, 3 is added in the second, 2 is subtracted.

Let Me Answer

What would come at the end of 2,4,8,16,___,__?



Series is a pattern used in alphabet and any figure. Guide learners to complete the given exercises.



Time To Do

1.	Look at	this series: 36, 34	, 30, 28, 24,	What number should	come next?
	A. 20	B. 22	C. 23	D. 26	
2.	Look at	this series: 22, 21	, 23, 22, 24, 23,	What number sho	ould come next?
	A. 22	B. 24	C. 25	D. 26	
3.	Look at	this series: 53, 53	, 40, 40, 27, 27,	What number sho	ould come next?
	A. 12	B. 14	C. 27	D. 53	
4.	Look at	this series: 21, 9,	21, 11, 21, 13, 2	1, What number s	hould come next?
	A. 14	B. 15	C. 21	D. 23	
5.	Look at	this series: 58, 52	, 46, 40, 34,	What number should	come next?
	A. 26	B. 28	C. 30	D. 32	
6.	Look at	this series: 3, 4, 7	, 8, 11, 12, W	That number should	come next?
	A. 7	B. 10	C. 14	D. 15	
7.	Look at	this series: 8, 22,	8, 28, 8, Wh	at number should co	ne next?
	A. 9	B. 29	C. 32	D. 34	
8.	Look at	this series: 31, 29	, 24, 22, 17,	What number should	come next?
	A. 15	B. 14	C. 13	D. 12	
9.	Look at	this series: 80, 10	, 70, 20, 60,	What number should	come next?
	A. 20	B. 25	C. 30	D. 50	
10	. Look at	this series: 2, 6, 1	18, 54, What	number should com	e next?
	A. 109	B. 121	C. 162	D. 216	
11	. Look at	this series: 5, 6, 9	9, 23, 87, Wh	nat number should co	me next?
	A. 429	B. 324	C. 226	D. 128	
12	. Look at	this series: 201, 2	202, 204, 207,	. What number shou	ld come next?
	A. 205	B. 211	C. 208	D. 101	



A. L B. P C. O D. M 14. Which alphabet should come next? SEUHWK? A. N B. Z C. Y D. O 15. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. EN FN GM HM? A. LI B. IL C. LJ D. KM 16. What alphabet should come next? N O K L H ? A. E B. F C. D D. I 17. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. FC HG JK LO NS ? A. PW B. WP C. QX D. XQ 18. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. CF IL OR ? A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR	13.	Which alphabet s	hould come next?			
14. Which alphabet should come next? SEUHWK? A. N B. Z C. Y D. O 15. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. EN FN GM HM? A. LI B. IL C. LJ D. KM 16. What alphabet should come next? NOKLH? A. E B. F C. D D. I 17. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. FC HG JK LO NS? A. PW B. WP C. QX D. XQ 18. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. CF IL OR? A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR		Х	W U T	R Q ?		
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A. LI B. IL C. LJ D. KM 16. What alphabet should come next? NOKLH! A. E B. F C. D D. I 17. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. FC HG JK LO NS? A. PW B. WP C. QX D. XQ 18. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. CF IL OR? A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR	15.	Find the missing	pair of letters in th	ie series.		
NOKLH? A. E B. F C. D D. I 7. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. FC HG JK LO NS? A. PW B. WP C. QX D. XQ 18. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. CF IL OR? A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR			EN FN GM	I HM ?		
A. E B. F C. D D. I 17. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. FC HG JK LO NS ? A. PW B. WP C. QX D. XQ 18. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. CF IL OR ? A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR		A. LI	B. IL	C. LJ	D.	KM
A. E B. F C. D D. I 17. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. FC HG JK LO NS ? A. PW B. WP C. QX D. XQ 18. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. CF IL OR ? A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR	16.	What alphabet sh	ould come next?			
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18. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. CF IL OR ? A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR Let Me Answer		I	FC HG JK	LO NS ?		
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A. US B. UX C. ST D. SU 19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR Let Me Answer	18.	Find the missing	pair of letters in th	e series.		
19. Find the missing pair of letters in the series. AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR Let Me Answer			CF IL	OR ?		
AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR Let Me Answer		A. US	B. UX	C. ST	D.	SU
AZ DX GV JT MR ? A. OR B. OO C. PP D. RR Let Me Answer	19.	Find the missing	pair of letters in th	ne series.		
Let Me Answer		A	AZ DX GV	JT MR ?		
		A. OR	B. OO	C. PP	D.	RR
* What would come at the end of AZ, BY, CX,DW,?		Let Me	Answer			
		* Wha	it would come at the e	nd of AZ, BY, CX,DW,_	_;	



Ranking Test

Objective

This chapter deals with finding position. The questions generally contain total number or persons and rank of a person from his left or right is given. A student is required to find out the rank of person from the other direction.

Example 1

In a row of boy, if A who is 10th from the left and B who is 9th from the right interchange their positions, A becomes 15 from the left. How many boys are there in the row?

A. 23

B. 31

C. 27

D. 28

Answer: (A)

Explanation:

Let Me AnswerWhat is your rank in the row in which you are sitting?

Clearly, A's new position is 15th from the left. But this is the same as B's earlier position which is 9th from the right. So, the total number will be addition of B's position from both side -1.

Example 2

How many 4's are there preceded by 7 but not followed by 3?

5	9	3	2	1	7	4	2	6	9	7	6	1	3	2	8
7	4	1	3	8	3	2	5	6	7	4	3	9	5	8	2
Λ	1	0	$\overline{}$	4		2									

0 1 8 7 4 6 3

A. Four B. Three C. Six D. Five

Answer: (B)

Explanation: 7 4 2 7 4 1 7 4 6

Only at these places 4 is preceded by 7 but not followed by 3.



With the aid of the examples help the students in finding out the rank of person in a row. Clear their concepts by giving them examples in the clear.



Time To Do

1.	Nitin ranks 1	8th in a class of 4	9 students. What	is rank from the last?
	A. 31	B. 18	C. 32	D. 19
2.	A class of boy	vs stands in a sing	gle line. One boy	is 19th in order from both the
	ends. How ma	any boys are ther	e in the class?	
	A. 37	B. 39	C. 27	D. 38
3.	Three person	s A, B and C are	standing in a que	ue. There are five persons between
	A and B and 6	eight persons bet	ween B and C. If	there be three persons ahead of C
	and 21 person	ns behind A, wha	t could be the mi	nium number of persons in the
	queue?			
	A. 41	B. 40	C. 28	D. 27
4.	Sam ranked 9	th from the top a	and 38th from the	e bottom in a class. How many
	students are t	here in the class?		
	A. 45	B. 47	C. 46	D. 48
5.	In a class of 1	80, where girls an	e twice the numb	per of boys, Rupesh ranked
	34th from the	e top. If there are	18 girls ahead of	Rupesh, how many boys are after
	him in rank?			
	A. 45	B. 44	C. 60	D. can't be determined
6.	Rajan is sixth	from the left end	l and Vinay is ter	th from the right end in a row of
	boys. If there	are eight boys be	tween Rajan and	Vinay, how many boys are there
	in the row?			
	A. 24	B. 26	C. 23	D. 25
7.	In a class of 5	0 students, M is	eighth from top. l	H is 20th from bottom. How many
	students are t	here between M	and H?	
	A. 22	B. 23	C. 24	D. can't be determined
8.	How many su	ich digits are thei	re in the number	7346285 which are as far away
	from the begi	nning of the nun	nber, as they will	be when arranged in ascending
	order within	the number?		
	A. None	B. One	C. Two	D. Three



9. In a ro	ow c	of th	irty	y bo	ys, F	R is fo	ourtl	h fro	om 1	the r	ight	end	and	Wi	s te	nth fro	m the
left en	d. F	low	ma	ny l	ooys	are	there	e be	twe	en R	anc	l W?					
A. 15			В.	16			C.	17			Ι). car	i't be	e det	ern	nined	
10. Which	ch of	f the	e fo	llow	ing	is fift	th to	the	rig	ht of	the	twel	fth d	ligit	fro	m the r	ight end
of the	e be	low	arr	ang	eme	nt?											
1	8	5	9	4	7	1	2	5	8	3	6	5	9	2	7	6	
A. 3			В.	1			C.	2			Ι	0.7					
11. In a r	ow	of b	oys	, If <i>I</i>	A wl	ho is	10th	ı fro	om t	he le	eft a	nd B	who	is 9	th f	from th	e right
inter	char	nge	the	ir po	sitio	ons,	A be	con	nes	15th	froi	m the	e left	. Но	w n	nany b	oys are
there	in t	the 1	row	.5													
A. 23			В.	31			C.	27			Ι	0. 28					
12. Ayus	h ra	nks	161	th in	a c	lass c	of 50	stu	den	ts. W	Vhat	is ra	nk fi	rom	the	last.	
A. 35			В.	19			C.	29			Ι	0. 34					
13. Imra	n ra	nks	eig	htee	nth	in a	class	s of	29 s	tude	ents.	Wha	at is l	his r	ank	from t	the last?
A. 12			В.	13			C.	14			Ι	0. 20					
14. In a r	ow	of 4	0 g	irls,	whe	n Hu	ısna	was	s shi	ifted	to h	ner le	ft by	4 p	lace	s her n	umber
from	the	left	enc	dof	the 1	row l	oeca:	me	10.	Wha	ıt wa	is the	nun	nbei	of	Nahee	d from
the ri	ght	end	of	the	row	if Na	ahee	d wa	as tł	ree	plac	es to	the	righ	t of	Husna	is .
origin	al p	osit	ion														
A. 24			В.	25			C.	27			Ι	0. 26					
15. Furq	an r	ank	ed 1	nint	h fro	om tl	ne to	p ai	nd t	hirty	y-eig	ghth f	from	the	bot	ttom in	a class.
How	mar	ıy st	ude	ents	are	there	e in t	he o	class	s?							
A. 45			В.	46			C.	47			Ι). 48					
16. In a	que	ue, .	A is	eig	htee	nth f	rom	the	e fro	nt w	hile	B is	sixte	entl	ı fro	om the	back. If
C is tv	vent	y fii	fth	fron	n the	e froi	nt an	id is	exa	ectly	in t	he m	iddl	e of	A a	nd B, tl	hen how
many	pers	sons	s ar	e the	ere i	n the	e que	eue?	•								
A. 45			В.	46			C.	47			Ι). 48					
17. Nave	en i	s 8 1	ranl	ks al	nead	l of I	Divya	a wł	no ra	anks	twe	enty-s	sixth	in a	ı cla	uss of 42	2. What
is Nav	een'	's ra	nk	fron	n the	e last	?										
A. 9			В.	24			C.	25			Ι	0. 34					



Analogy

Objective

Analogy means similarity. In this chapter, two objects related in some way are given and third object is also given with four or five alternatives students have to find out which one of the alternatives bears the same relation with the third objects as first and second objects are related.

Example 1

Curd: Milk:: Shoe:?

A. Leather

B. Cloth

C. Jute

D. Silver

Answer: (A)

Explanation:

As curd is made from milk similarly shoe is made from leather.

Example 2

Calf: Piglet:: Shed:?

A. Prison

B. Nest

C. Pigsty

D. Den

Answer: (C)

Explanation:

Calf is young one of the cow and piglet is the young of Pig. Shed is the dwelling place of Cow similarly Pigsty is the dwelling place of pig.

Let Me Answer

If chair is related to word, then with what woollen clothes are related? Name the thing.



With the help of the examples and exercise explain the importance of analogy. Ask the students to give similar types of relations in different things.



Answers

Ch-01.		1. Stem 2. Stomata (leaves) 3. Roots 4. Seeds 5. Fruit
Ch-02.	I.	1. Wholly covered in scales 2. Sea reptiles (turtles), sharks 3. The beaver 4. Grasshoppers and cockroaches
	ii.	1. Labroides 2. Texas blind salamanders 3. South America 4. Leather turtles
Ch-03.	i.	1. Neem 2. Tulsi 3. Cinchona 4. Ginseng 5. Foxglove 6. Poppy 7. Eucalyptus 8. Cocoa
	ii.	Non-renewable
		Mineral resources - Coal, Gas, Oil
		Inexhaustible - Wind, Sunlight, Geothermal
		Exhaustible - Water, Animal product
Ch-04.	i.	1. Geyser 2. Canyon 3. Rapids 4. Glacier 5. Valley
Ch- 05.	i.	1. Neil Armstrong 2. Chandrayaan 3. Kalpana Chawla 4. Sirisha Bandla
CII 03.	ii	1.Astronaut and aeronautical 2. Eleventh 3. Sputnik I 4. 5 November 2013
Ch-06.	i.	1. Granite 2. Limestone, sedimentary rock 3. Volcano 4. Graphite
CII- 00.		1
C1 07	ii.	
Ch-07.		1. Netherlands 2. Jacob Metius 3. Charles Babbage 4. Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz 5. ENIAC (1945)
G1 00		6. Kenbak-I
Ch-08.	i.	1. 1954 2. Jamie Fox 3. Naatu Naatu 4. Shershaah
	ii.	1. Cinematographer 2. Production industry 3. Creativity 4. Costume Designers
Ch-09.		1. Stone pieces 2. Metanil yellow 3. Lead chromate powder 4. Cow dung 5. Papaya seed
		6. Brick powder 7. Argemone oil 8. Urea 9. Sand 10. Vanaspati
Ch-10.	i.	1. Isaac Newton 2. C.V. Raman 3. A. Nobel 4. F. Sanger 5. John Dalton 6. W. Ramsay
		7. Thomas Newcomen 8. Wright 9. Roentgen 10. Jonas Salk
	ii.	1. Genes 2. Heredity 3. G.J. Mendel 4. Molecules 5. Same 6. Protoplasm 7. Cells
		8. Matter 9. Atoms 10. Elements and compounds
Ch-11.	i.	1. Endoscope 2. EEG 3. Colorimeter 4. Cardiogram 5. Stethoscope 6. Polygraph
		7.Ultrasonoscope 8. Lactometer 9. Sphygmomanometer 10. Altimeter
	ii.	1. Paleontology 2. Pomology 3. Odontology 4. Kalology 5. Ecology 6. Genetics
		7. Medicine 8. Veterinary science 9. Radiology 10. Taxonomy
Ch-12.		1. Code Division Multiple Access 2. Disk operating system 3. Micro processor 4. Visual Display Unit
		5. World wide web
		6. Hyper Text Transfer Protocol 7. Basic Input Output System 8. Computer Aided Design
		9. Floating- Point Operations Per Second 10. Uninterruptible Power Supply
Ch-13.		Do it yourself
Ch-14.		1. SwamiVivekanand 2. LaxmiBai 3. Bhagat Singh 4. Subhash Chandra Bose 5. BR Ambedkar
		6. Tipu Sultan
Ch-15.	i.	1. The people of India 2. Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic 3. Justice 4. Liberty
		5. Equality 6. Fraternity 7. Adopt, enact
	ii.	1. S.P. Mukherjee 2. Kanshi Ram 3. A.O. Hume 4. Arvind Kejriwal 5. M.N. Roy
		6. Sharad Pawar 7. Lalu Prasad
Ch-16.		1. Jammu & Kashmir, Srinagar 2. Chandigarh, Chandigarh 3. Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu,
on ro.		Daman 4. Lakshadeep, Kavaratti 5. Puducherry, Puducherry 6. Andman and Nicobar Islands, Port Blair
		7. National Capital, New Delhi 8. Ladakh, Leh
Ch-17.	i.	1. Save Silent Valley 2. Friday for Future 3. World Wild Life Fund 4. Mother Teresa 5. Medha Patkar
CII-17.	1.	6. Wangari Maathai
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Cl- 10	ii.	·
Ch-18.		,
Cl 10		5. Jai Prakash Narayan 6. P.D. Tandon 7. Dr. Rajendra Prasad 8. Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam
Ch-19.		1. Parliament 2. State Legislative 3. Panchayat 4. President 5. Governor
01 00	т	6.Prime Minister 7. Chief Minister 8. Supreme Court 9. High Court 10. Chief Justice of India
Ch-20.	I.	1. Chamba, Himachal 2. Gulmarg, Jammu Kahsmir 3. Pushkar, Rajasthan 4. Jim Corbett, Uttarakhand
		5. Mysore, Karnataka

General Knowledge-5



	II.	1. Krishna 2. Tapi 3. Tawa 4. Narmada
Ch-21.		1. USA 2. South Africa 3. Nepal 4. Canada 5. France 6. Germany 7. India
		8. Saudi Arabia 9. Turkey 10. Sri lanka 11. Soviet Union 12. Pakistan
Ch-22.		1. Sitar 2. Tabla 3. Flute 4. Sarod 5. Shehnai 6. Violin 7. Veena 8. Santoor
		9. Symphony 10. Jal Tarang 11. Pakhawaj 12. Esraj
Ch-23.	i.	1. Rajendra Prasad 2. Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan 3. Dr. Zakir Hussain 4. V.V. Giri 5. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed
		6. Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy 7. Giani Zail Singh 8. R. Venkataraman 9. Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma
		10. K.R. Narayanan 11. Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam 12. Pratibha Patil 13. Pranav Mukherjee 14. Ram Nath Kovind
		15. Droupadi Murmu
	ii.	1.Deendayal Port Trust 2. Mumbai Port Trust 3. Jawaharlal Port Trust 4. Mormugao Port Trust
		5. New Mangaluru Port Trust 6. Kochi Port Trust 7. VOC Port Trust 8. Chennai Port Trust
		9. Kamarajar Port Trust 10. Visakhapatnam Port Trust 11. Paradip Port Trust
		12. Syama Prasad Mookerjee Port Trust
Ch-24:		1.Shirshasana 2. Dhanurasana 3. Trikonasana 4. Mayuarsana 5. Salabhasana 6. Matsyasana
Ch-25.	I.	1.Waltz 2. Lion dance 3. Kabuki 4. Khon
	ii.	1. Bharat + natyam= bharatnatyam 2. Mohini + Attam= mohiniattam 3. Katha + kali= kathakali
		4. Kuchi + pudi= kuchipudi
	iii.	1. Bharatnatyam 2. Kathakali 3. Kathak 4. Manipuri 5. Mohiniattam 6. Odissi 7. Kuchipudi
Ch-26.	i.	1. Dev anand 2. Debasish Dutta 3. Rajmohan Gandhi 4. Tushar Gndhi 5. Jaswant Singh 6. Dr. Abdul Kalam
		7. Tom Alter 8. Arundhati Roy
	ii.	1. Ved Vyas 2. Ashwaghosh 3. Banabhatta 4. Surdas 5. Kabirdas 6. Al-Beruni
		7. Pt. Vishnu Sharma 8. Chanakya 9. Jayadev 10. Rabindranath Tagore 11. Aristotle 12. Plato
Ch-27.		1. Sarojini Naidu 2. C.B. Muthamma 3. Chitra Ramkrishna 4. Bachendri Pal 5. Santosh Yadav
		6. Kiran Bedi 7. Punita Arora 8. Bula Chowdhury 9. M. Fatima Beevi
Ch-28.		1. Anousheh Ansari 2. Marma Estela Isabel 3. C. Mikkelsen 4. Ann Bancroft 5. Junko Tabei
		6. Valentina Tereshkova 7. Sirimavo Bandaranaike 8. Benazir Bhutto
Ch-29.	i.	1. Volleyball 2. Hockey 3. Lawn Tennis 4. Basketball 5. Wrestling 6. Polo 7. Football
		8. Chess 9. Archery
:	ii.	1.Cricket 2.Shooting 3.Wrestling 4.Boxing 5.Weightlifting 6.Cricket 7.Cricket
		8. Tennis 9. Tennis 10. Badminton 11. Football 12. Hockey 13. Football 14. Hockey
G1 00		15. Tennis
	i.	1. Football 2. Sheffield 3. 1857 4. FIFA 5. Zurich(Switzerland) 6. Soccer 7. Argentina
	ii.	1. Qatar 2. 22nd 3. Kylian Mbappe 4. Lionel Messi 5. Emiliano Martínez
Ch-31.		1. West Indies 2. West Indies 3. India 4. Australia 5. Pakistan 6. Sri Lanka 7. Australia
Ch 22		8. Australia 9. Australia 10. India 11. Australia 12. England 13. Australia
Ch-32.		1. Hockey 2. Cricket 3. Football 4. Cricket 5. Tennis 6. Polo 7. Boxing 8. Horse racing 1. Hockey= (a) 91.4 m X 55m, (b) 156g- 163g 2. cricket - (a) 22 yards, (b) 156g- 163g 3. Football - (a) 90m X 45m,
Ch-33.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Ch 25	I.	(b) 410g -450 g 4. Volleyball- (a) 18m, (b) 260g- 280g 1. Taekwondo 2. Full contact 3. Polo 4. Kho-Kho
	i. ii.	1. Muay Thai 2. Croquet 3. Chaturanga 4. Rikishi
Ch-36.	11.	1. Fats 2. Protein 3. Vitamins 4. Carbohydrates
(Page no-	63)	1.1 ats 2.1 foton 3. Vitaininis 4. Carbonydrates
(1 age no-	03)	1.D 2.B 3.B 4.B 5.A 6.C 7.B 8.B 9.D 10.B
(Page no-	65)	1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 3.11 0.0 7.0 0.0 7.0 10.0
(1 age no-	03)	1.B 2.C 3.B 4.B 5.B 6.D 7.D 8.A 9.C 10.C 11.A 12.B 13.C
		14.B 15.B 16.D 17.A 18.B 19.C
(Page no-	68)	
(1 ugc 110°)	50)	1.C 2.A 3.B 4.C 5.B 6.A 7.A 8.C 9.B 10.A 11.A 12.A 13.A
		14. A 15. B 16. C 17. C
		11.11 10.0 10.0 17.0